

DEMOCRATIC GAIN IN CONGRESS IS 72; G.O.P. BARELY SAVES STATE SENATE BY 1

To-Night's Weather—CLOUDY.

To-Morrow's Weather—FAIR AND COOLER.

THE WALL STREET
EVENING WORLD
FINAL EDITION

The Evening World.

WALL STREET
CLOSING TABLES.
THE EVENING WORLD

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HARDING POLICY HIT HARD BY VOTERS OF COUNTRY IN WIDE DEMOCRATIC SWEEP

Republicans Lose More Than Seventy Seats in House and Six, Possibly Ten, in Senate—Lodge Barely Gets Through; Pomerene, Beveridge and Du Pont Defeated.

The wave in the public mind against the Harding Administration and its policies was clearly reflected in yesterday's election results. The country voted against the administration in the House and in the Senate. The country voted against the administration in the House and in the Senate. The country voted against the administration in the House and in the Senate.

With the possible exception of Ohio, where the anti-Prohibition forces made an issue of light wines and beer, New Jersey, of course, went overwhelmingly for Edwards. Massachusetts defeated a proposal to harmonize its enforcement laws with the Volstead act. The California enforcement measure was beaten and Illinois returned a plurality of about 400,000 for wet candidates.

In Massachusetts motion picture censorship, which was one of the leading issues, went down to a decisive defeat and the anti-vivisection law was beaten in California.

Much of New York's unprecedented vote for Al Smith was ascribed to discontent over the Volstead act and the Mullan-Gage law. Standing out in the open as opposed to Prohibition and urging that the question be submitted to the voters of the State, Smith was fought at every move by the drys and the result was probably the largest vote ever registered by a New York gubernatorial candidate. New Hampshire was one of the hidebound Republican States.

(Continued on Second Page.)

WETS SCORE BIG GAINS AND ELECT MANY TO HOUSE

Illinois for Beer by 500,000;
Many New York and Jersey
Drys Lose.

Wets scored big gains in Tuesday's voting. Illinois, in a referendum on the restoration of beer and light wines, voted wet by a majority estimated to exceed 500,000. Chicago went more than three to one in favor of the wets, while downstate the dry votes were not numerous enough to offset the preponderance of wet sentiment in the cities. Three wet Congressmen were elected.

Reports indicate the Wisconsin delegation will be "wet." F. L. Wisconsin also re-elected Senator Robert M. La Follette, elected by the drys as an anti-Prohibitionist.

Massachusetts, voting on enforcement of the Volstead law, recorded its verdict strongly against a drastic dry regime. This result, established by late returns, followed early indications that the drys would win. In Ohio the result of the referendum on the proposed Constitutional Amendment restoring beer and wine

VOLSTEAD, FATHER OF THE BONE DRY LAW, IS BEATEN BY MINISTER.

Representative Andrew J. Volstead, Republican, chairman of the House Judiciary Committee, and author of the celebrated Prohibition Enforcement Law, losing his name, was beaten in the Seventh Minnesota District by the Rev. O. J. Kvale, running as an independent, who proclaimed himself "dryer than Mr. Volstead."

Volstead was the first of the important election of House committees to be beaten in the Democratic tide.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8. (United Press)—The defeat of Andrew J. Volstead, father of the National Prohibition Enforcement Act, would leave a pronounced wet in the Chairmanship of the House Judiciary Committee, the powerful group of Congressmen who originate any legislation relating to Prohibition.

Representative George S. Graham of Pennsylvania, who has always voted wet, will succeed Volstead as the Chairman if the latter is defeated, according to the seniority rule which prevails in the House. On very few occasions has the seniority rule been upset.

DADE PARK RESULTS.

CLEAR AND FAST.
FIRST RACE—Five and one-half furlongs.
Lucky Run (Connolly), \$7.70, out and out, first.
Gail Ford (Stearns), out and out, second.
Kenneth (Chalmers), out, third.
Off at 2:30. Time: 1:57 1-5. Only three starters.

G. O. P. SURE ONLY OF ONE MANHATTAN SEAT IN CONGRESS

Mills Alone of Republicans
Certain of Election by
Late Returns.

SEVERAL IN DOUBT.

Leads Shown in Early
Returns May Be Upset
by Later Figures.

With a few election districts a tie in the Congressional Districts of Manhattan, the G. O. P. is sure only of one seat in Congress. The district of the 11th Congressional District, which is held by the Republican, is the only one in which the party is sure of a seat. The district of the 12th Congressional District, which is held by the Republican, is the only one in which the party is sure of a seat.

Alfred E. Smith, in the 11th Congressional District, was the only undoubted victory. With a few districts showing the returns show him 1,447 ahead of Herman Metz, the Democratic opponent. In 1920 Mr. Metz won by a majority of 14,000.

Perkins in the 11th has a lead of 42,000 votes over Knott, Democrat. Perkins' election districts are missing in the returns.

In the 12th District, La Guardia, Republican, has 7,544 votes to 7,515 for Frank, Democrat. La Guardia's lead is only 29. Returns from six election districts are missing. A contest in this district appears to be inevitable.

In the 13th District, Walter, Democrat, with eight election districts, leads Amosgo, Republican, by only 621 votes. Amosgo claims that the missing districts will give him the lead.

The other Democratic Congressmen, six in number, have majorities that are unassailable. Samuel Marx in the 15th beat Walter Chandler, the present Congressman, by a majority of about 5,000. Chandler had 15,000 majority in this district in 1920. Meyer London, Socialist and present member of Congress from the 11th District, was beaten almost two to one by Dickstein, Democrat.

Following is the Congress result in Manhattan.

VOTE FOR CONGRESS.

MANHATTAN.

11TH DISTRICT.

Staten Island and 1st Assembly District, Manhattan.

Rordan (Dem.), 25,432.

Handy (Rep.), 12,215.

Deering (S. and P.-L.), 109.

Rordan's plurality, 16,103.

12TH DISTRICT.

Zeltner (D-P.), 4,106.

London (S. and P.-L.), 2,405.

London's plurality, 4,625.

13TH DISTRICT.

Firstman (Rep.), 2,141.

(Continued on Second Page.)

PIMLICO RESULTS.

FIRST RACE—Six furlongs.—Wilson (Harris), \$4.20, \$2.30 and \$2.20, first; Pay Dear, \$2.95 and \$2.80, second; Homestead, \$2.20, third. Non-starters: Rumpkin, Home, High Speed.

SECOND RACE—Two miles.—Sea Master, \$2.20, \$2.30 and out, first; Reparation, \$2.60 and out, second; Chucky, out, third. All started.

THIRD RACE—4 furlongs, Rigel—\$1.50, \$1.70 and \$2.40, first; White Wind—\$2.70 and \$2.60, second; Boys Believe Me—\$1.60, third. Non-starters: Fox Wow, Moonraker, Wrangler, Osprey, Scarlet Bugler.

Racing Entries on Page Eighteen.

National Committeemen See Governor-Elect Smith As the Strong Man in 1924



ALFRED E. SMITH, GOVERNOR-ELECT.

Say His Victory Makes Him the Outstanding National Figure in the Democratic Party.

The following telegram was sent to Democratic National Committeemen throughout the country last night after returns indicated the sweep for Alfred E. Smith.

Alfred E. Smith elected Governor by unprecedented plurality. What will be effect on national Democratic politics two years hence? Will he not be outstanding man and a possible candidate?

Editor, New York Evening World.

Following are replies that were received:

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING WORLD.

RIVERPORT, R. I.—As National Committeeman from Rhode Island I salute the Democracy of the State of New York and after Rhode Island's ten votes in first national convention to Alfred E. Smith for President. He is our first choice from this night.

PATRICK H. QUINN.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING WORLD.

KINGSTON, N. Y.—Smith's election will make him probable candidate for President in next national campaign. The West will be with a progressive Democrat from any State. Smith's election by such a large majority in the largest State will have great influence in the southwest.

GEORGE L. BOWMAN.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING WORLD.

SPARTANBURG, S. C.—The election of Smith makes him the most outstanding figure for Democratic leadership and probably for Presidential candidacy. His Presidential views may emphasize the situation but they certainly must be dealt with by the party.

JOHN GARY EVANS.

SPECIAL DESPATCH TO THE EDITOR OF THE EVENING WORLD.

EDWARDSVILLE, Ill.—Altogether a New York vote is most gratifying. (Continued on Sixth Page.)

Woodrow Wilson Wears Smile As He Receives the Returns

WASHINGTON, Nov. 8. The Woodrow Wilson smile of victory—the 1912 and 1916 variety—was much in evidence at the "Home on 8 Street" today.

The former President, according to his physician, Wood Admiral Cary T. Grayson, was taking a keen and joyful interest in the election returns, which continued to show sweeping Democratic gains.

About every half hour he directed his secretary to call Democratic headquarters here and obtain the late returns.

The former President was said to be in a happier mood than at any time during his long illness. And his close friends are confident the Democratic successes will be of great benefit in his efforts to regain his health. He believes the Democratic victories are in some measure a vindication of the ideals for which he fought.

It was only at the insistence of Admiral Grayson that Wilson retired at the usual time last night, as the reports piled up the Democratic majorities. He was up early this morning and eagerly read all the morning newspapers.

LODGE DEFEATS GASTON FOR SENATE BY ONLY 1,945

Has Exceedingly Small Margin; His Complete Vote 416,675.

RECOUNT TO BE ASKED.

Governor Gay Re-Elected
Over Fitzgerald by 30,045.

ROCHESTER, Nov. 8.—Senator Henry Lodge today was re-elected over William A. Gaston, Democrat, yesterday by a margin of 1,945. The vote of the 20th Senate district was: Lodge, 416,675; Gaston, 414,730.

Of the 100,000 votes cast in the 20th district, Lodge had 50,000 more than Gaston.

The Democrats attacked Lodge's record at Washington as reactionary and the support of the new tariff measure. Senator Lodge vigorously defended his record in numerous public appearances and by an appeal to his constituents to return from public speaking. Representing the closing days of the campaign he remained in retirement at his home in Nahant.

His opponent, Ed. Gaston, for many years has been a leading figure in the Democratic Party in this State and in a previous election was an unsuccessful candidate for Governor. He is a lawyer and banker in Rochester.

In order to obtain the narrow margin of victory Senator Lodge was forced to overcome an adverse plurality of 47,505 in the City of Buffalo, where Gaston received 102,000 votes to 57,500 for Lodge. In the State east of Buffalo Lodge led Gaston 49,744 in a vote of 241,181 to 211,722.

A recount of the vote for Senator undoubtedly will be asked by Col. Gaston, some of his associates said. The Colonel himself had not awakened until some time after the complete returns were in.

The World Almanac of 1917 shows Lodge won by a plurality of 52,535 in 1916, the vote being Lodge 267,177 and Fitzgerald 234,238.

"MA" SMITH SLEEPS LATE AFTER ALL-NIGHT VIGIL, AWAKENS "TO TIDY UP"

"Too Happy to Talk," He Says.
Answering Visit From Gov—
Elect To-Day.

"I'm too happy to talk about any thing. I'm thankful my son was elected, but I never expected to hear differently," declared Mrs. Catherine Smith, mother of Gov. elect Al Smith, when, despite her threat to sleep till noon, she rose at 11 A. M. "To tidy up," her home at No. 9 Middagh street, Brooklyn.

Mrs. Smith said her son had planned late last night to tell her of his good fortune, and she is looking forward to seeing him to-day.

Mrs. Smith believed there was more good news in the consideration that the figures on the number of her ballot qualified 13. "The year Al Smith was first elected to the same office his own ballot was No. 13."

Early in the day only a colored maid came up in the house.

"Nobody gets past the door but the plumber," she said, "and a reporter. The family left orders not to be called until noon."

Mrs. Smith, who went on to explain, was up for into the morning awaiting returns on the voting. The evening news had another decline to retire until she was certain of the results. Her household, including her son-in-law, John J. Glynn, remained up with her until an early hour to-day.

THE WORLD TRAVEL BUREAU.
Arrive, Europe, World, 1922, 23-24. Price \$2.00. City, Telephone 100-1000. Check room for baggage and parcels. 600. Day and night. Money orders and travelers' checks for sale—ADT.

DEMOCRATS SWEEP STATE IN BIGGEST LANDSLIDE OF NEW YORK'S HISTORY

Entire Ticket, Headed by Smith, Is Overwhelmingly Victorious—Republicans Lose Up-State Strongholds for the First Time—Plurality In City the Greatest Ever Recorded

Al Smith's majority grows with the arrival of late returns from up-State. Late this afternoon, with returns from only 178 of the 7,301 election districts in the State missing, his lead was 406,874. The vote was: Smith, 1,301,587; Miller, 984,713.

Complete returns from New York City show that "Wild Bill" Donovan, who commanded the 69th Regiment in France, ran 43,850 votes ahead of Gov. Miller in his race for Lieutenant Governor. Donovan's vote in the city was 40,654 and Miller's 276,804.

Gov. Miller carried the rural districts up-State by decreased majorities in every instance, but the cities went for Al Smith overwhelmingly. The following table shows the astonishing reversal of the cities from 1920.

	1920	1922
City.	Miller.	Smith.
Albany	23,701	25,069
Amsterdam	5,043	3,988
Auburn	5,894	4,703
Binghamton	11,689	6,956
Buffalo	63,172	52,629
Elmira	9,741	7,605
Jamestown	7,769	2,602
Poughkeepsie	5,824	4,499
Rochester	49,852	33,254
Schenectady	12,696	10,406
Syracuse	33,752	23,016
Troy	13,894	17,146
Utica	13,283	11,022
Yonkers	13,633	14,455

The Republicans will have a majority of 14 in the next Assembly and will control the Senate by one vote. The 1923 Legislature will line up as follows:

Assembly—82 Republicans, 68 Democrats.
Senate—26 Republicans, 25 Democrats.
Total—106 Republicans, 95 Democrats.

The present Legislature is divided as follows:
Assembly—102 Republicans, 47 Democrats, 1 Socialist.
Senate—39 Republicans, 11 Democrats, 1 Socialist.

Total—141 Republicans, 58 Democrats, 2 Socialists.
Dr. Royal S. Copeland was elected United States Senator by an overwhelming majority over Senator William N. Calder. The vote for Dr. Copeland shows that he was not swept in on the Smith landslide, but that the people repudiated Senator Calder's endorsement of the Fordney-McCumber tariff bill and considered Dr. Copeland a desirable candidate.

Returns from 7,006 districts out of 7,301 in New York State, including 2,724 out of 2,747 in New York City, give: For Governor, Miller, 970,388; Smith, 1,375,646, giving Smith a plurality of 405,258.

Complete returns from New York City for Governor give: Smith, 755,474; Miller, 276,804; Cassidy, 62,444.

Returns from 6,861 districts, including 2,434 in New York City, give: For United States Senator, Calder, 876,946; Copeland, 1,125,803, giving Copeland a plurality of 248,857.

The 123 of the State ticket elected was as follows:
Lieutenant Governor, George R. Lunn of Schenectady.
Secretary of State, James A. Hamilton of New York City.
Comptroller, James W. Fleming.

Treasurer, George K. Shuler of Lyons.
Attorney General, Carl Sherman, Buffalo.
State Engineer and Surveyor, Dwight B. Ladd, Albany.

With sixty-eight election districts missing, the vote for United States Senator in Greater New York was: Copeland, 675,439; Calder, 283,270, giving to Copeland a plurality of 392,169 votes.

Gov. Miller failed to show the strength his party expected up-State and came down to the Bronx with only 74,066 as against 390,000 two years ago.

Smith's plurality in the Greater City is 478,670, exceeding that of 417,000 given to Mayor Hylan last year. Smith carried nearly every city up the State, winning Syracuse, Gov. Miller's own city, and turn-